# VORに関与する神経核の Network motifs に基づいた機能 分解についての仮説

Nayuta Mizuguchi (the University of Tokyo)



# **Data Description**

BRA Image

BIF image

**BIF** image

HCD image

**HCD** image

FRG image

FRG image

BRA Data

NM24VestibuloOcularReflex.bra

Table 3: BRA DATA SUMMARY				
BRA Data				
Object Name	Template	Including Content(s)		
		BIF	HCD/FRG	
ProjectID.bra	version 2.0	V	<b>√</b>	

Table	e 4: BRA IMAGE SUMMARY
Graphic Files	: BIF Image, HCD Image, FRG Image
File Type	Object Name
BIF Image	NM24VestibuloOcularReflexBIF.xml
HCD Image	NM24VestibuloOcularReflexHCD.xml
FRG Image	NM24VestibuloOcularReflexFRG.xml

#### Context

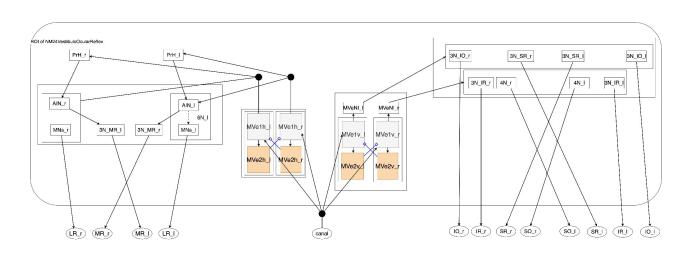
- Data for BRA of the vestibulo-ocular reflex (VOR), one of the key components of eye movements
- How to construct each BRA data
- Explanation of several hypotheses about new anatomical structures in some nuclei based on BIF/HCD/FRG

## Data sheet and BRA image

•Circuit: 45 (7 ROIs)

Abbreviations	Full Names	
MVe	medial vestibular nucleus	
PrH	prepositus hypoglossal nucleus	
3N	oculomotor nucleus	
4N	trochlear nucleus	
6N	abducens nucleus	
AIN	abducens internuclear neurons	
MNs	motoneurons	
LR	lateral rectus	
MR.	medial rectus	
IO	inferior oblique	
SO	superior oblique	
SR	superior rectus	
IR.	inferior rectus	

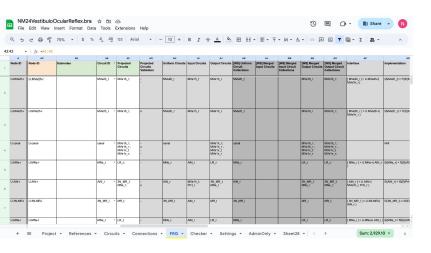
Connections: 42

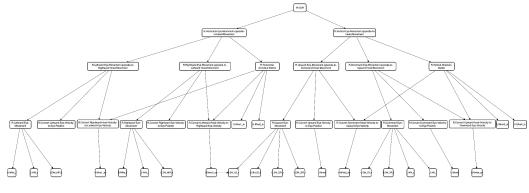


BIF image

## Data sheet and BRA image

Node IDs of FRG: 42



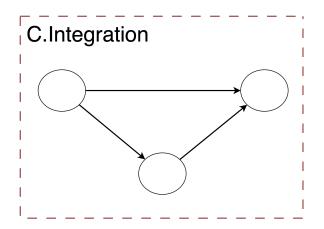


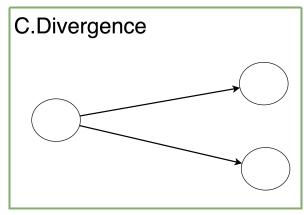
FRG image

#### Motifs

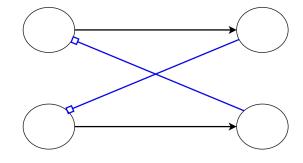
#### "C" means the computational function

A motif is a recurring circuit pattern composed of multiple nodes, which can be understood as a computational function that processes input-output transformations.





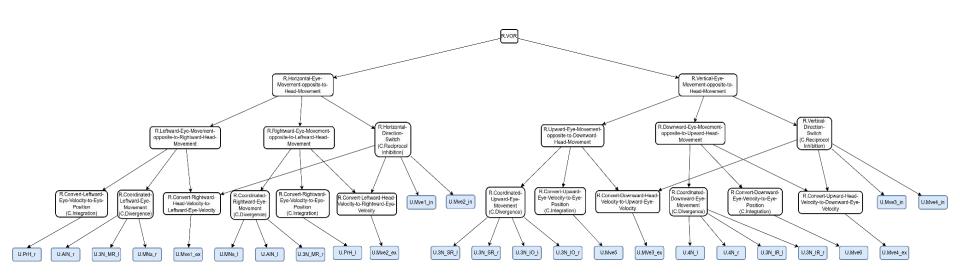




#### How to construct FRG data

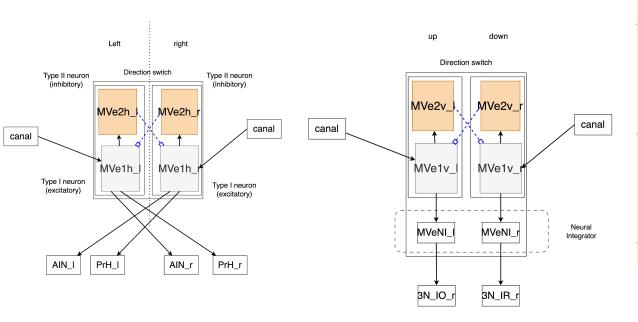
- Define TLF (top-level function)
  - → **VOR**: To move the eyeballs in the direction opposite to head movement
- Hierarchical functional decomposition of TLF based on BIF
  - → Eye movement opposite to head movement + Direction Switching
- Which are functionally decomposed into the following components
  (In the case of R.Leftward Eye Movement Opposite to Rightward Head Movement)
  - R.Convert Rightward Head Velocity to Leftwad Eye velocity
  - R.Convert Leftward Eye Velocity to Eye Position
  - •R.Leftward Eye Movement (regulation of extraocular muscles)

## Constructed FRG

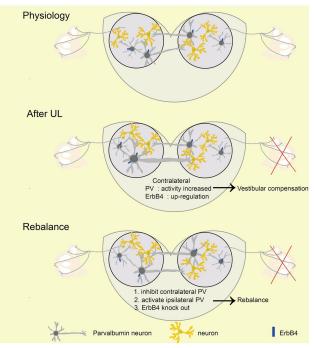


# Proposed hypothesis

- Direction switching is accomplished by commissural inhibition in MVe
- In vertical VOR, MVe also plays a role as neural integrator



#### Commissural Inhibition in MVe

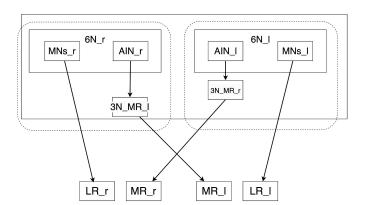


(Zhang et al., 2023)

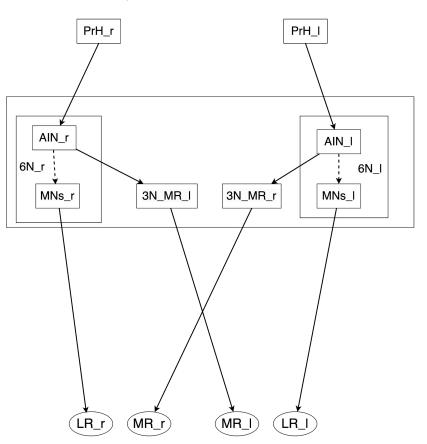
# Proposed hypothesis

- •6N is divided into MNs and AINs
- Temporal discrepancy due to the differing number of processing steps
- The presence of a direct AIN-to-MNs connection

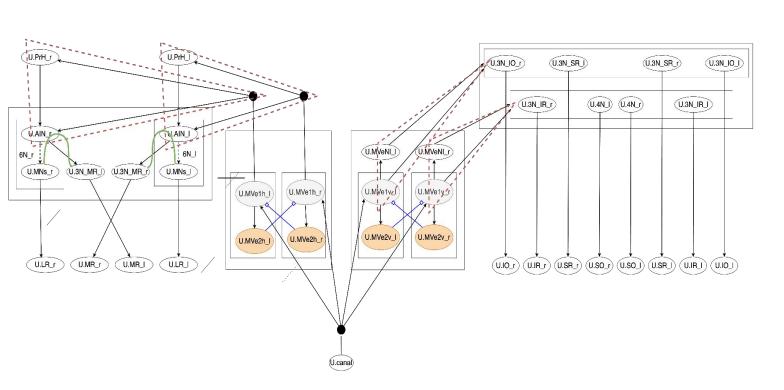
#### **Conventional Model:**

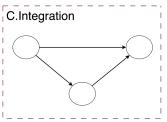


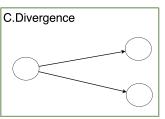
#### Hypothesized BIF:

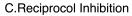


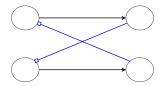
## **HCD** with Motifs











## Caveats for Data Usage / Future Publication

•This data includes several hypotheses for anatomical structures and functions relating to some nuclei such as MVe and 6N, thus requiring careful considerations when used.

Poster Presentation at JNNS

「Hypothesized functional decomposition of nuclei involved in Vestibulo-Ocular Reflex based on Network motifs」